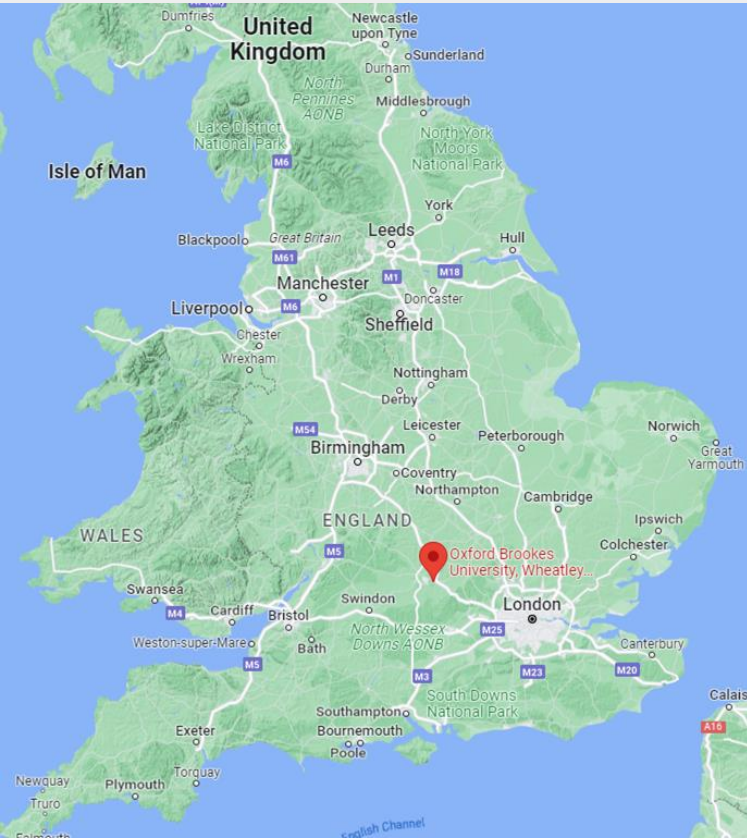


# STATE OF POWER ESTIMATION FOR MOTORSPORT APPLICATIONS

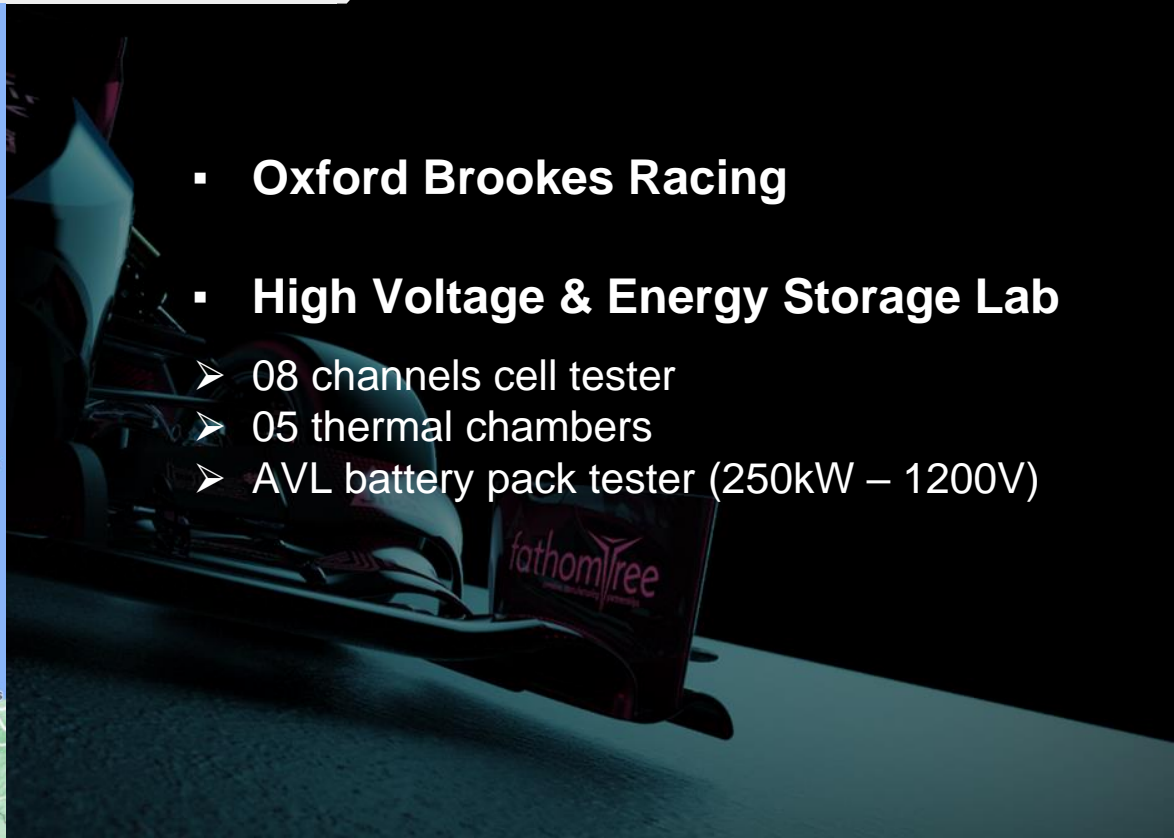
Adriano Schommer

OXFORD BROOKES RACING





- Oxford Brookes Racing
- High Voltage & Energy Storage Lab
  - 08 channels cell tester
  - 05 thermal chambers
  - AVL battery pack tester (250kW – 1200V)



# Agenda

- Introduction to Formula Student
- Oxford Brookes Racing team
- Projects
- State of power estimation
- Q&A





## DYNAMIC EVENTS

**Acceleration** (75 points)  
75m straight line run

**Skidpad** (75 points)  
Figure of 8 constant radius circles

**Autocross** (100 points)  
One lap time trial

**Endurance** (250 points)  
22km time trial

**Efficiency** (100 points)  
Energy used

## STATICS EVENTS

**Design** (160 points)  
Justify your design to industry professionals

**Cost** (120 points)  
How much does your car cost to make  
Understanding of cost driven decisions

**Business** (120 points)  
Present a business model based around your car

**Lap Time Simulation** (20 points)  
Evaluate four different FS powertrain types and two aerodynamic configurations.

# OBR Legacy



1999

Top UK Team



2009

Top UK Team



2014

Fastest Ever UK Car

2<sup>nd</sup> Place Overall

2019  
2018



2003

Hybrid Vehicle Development

2012

1st Place Design Top UK Team

2016

Top UK Team



# OBR Legacy



1999

Top UK Team

2009

Top UK Team

2014

Fastest Ever UK Car

2<sup>nd</sup> Place Overall

2019  
2018

OBRs First Fully Electric Car

2022



2003

Hybrid Vehicle Development

2012

1<sup>st</sup> Place Design  
Top UK Team

2016

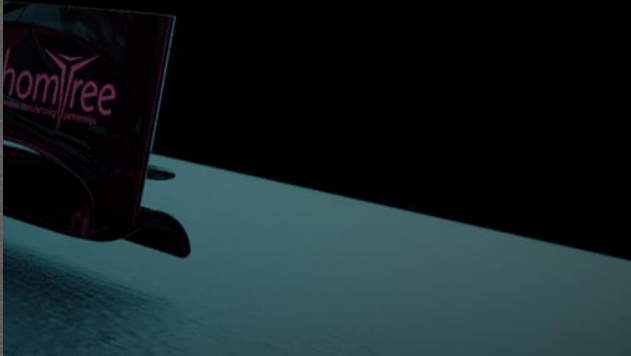
Top UK Team

2021

1<sup>st</sup> Place Design  
1<sup>st</sup> Place Laptme



# Battery Development





# Battery Development



**1** Cell selection

**2** Testing

**3** Modelling

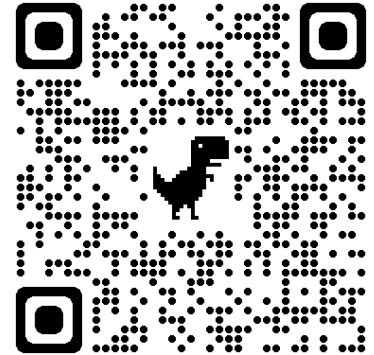
**4** Mechanical design

Cell	Chemistry
Samsung 25R	NMC
LG HG2	NMC
Sony VTC6	NMC
Melasta SLPB6542126	LCO
Melasta SLPB8542126	LCO
Melasta SLPB8346143	LCO
Melasta SLPBB142124	LCO
Melasta SLPB8870175	LCO
Melasta SLPB7336128HV	NMC
Melasta SLPB9542124HV	NMC
Melasta SLPBB042126HV	NMC
Melasta SLPB7579207HV	NMC

## Free available datasets for FS teams:

- HPPC
- GITT
- EIS
- Pseudo-OCV
- FS Endurance Drive Cycle
- Degradation

## BTC GitHub repository



Battery  
Modelling

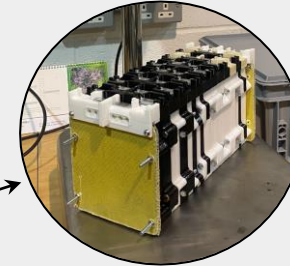
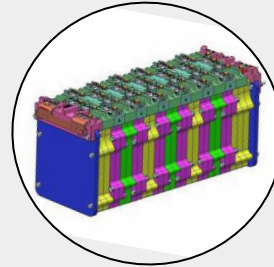
Mechanical  
Design

Battery  
Testing

Cell  
selection

Development module (2P26S)

Decreasing cell's tab joint resistance



Battery pack specifications:

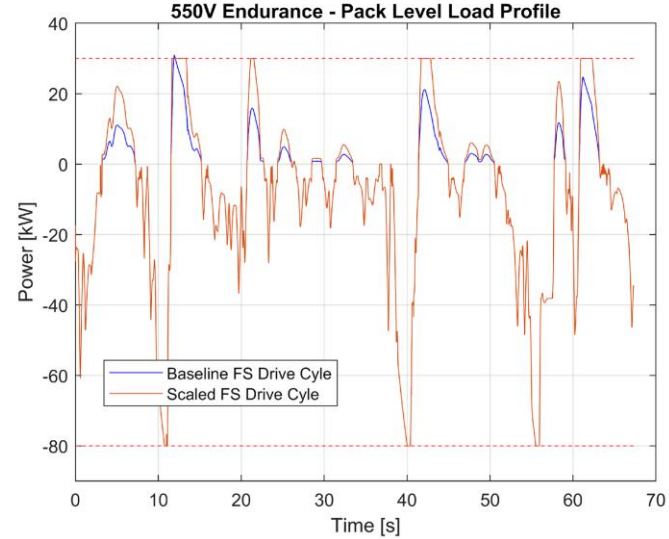
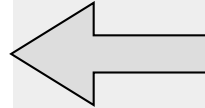
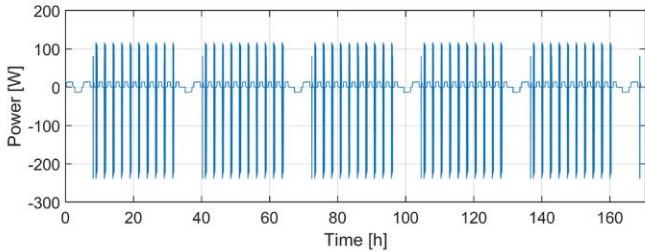
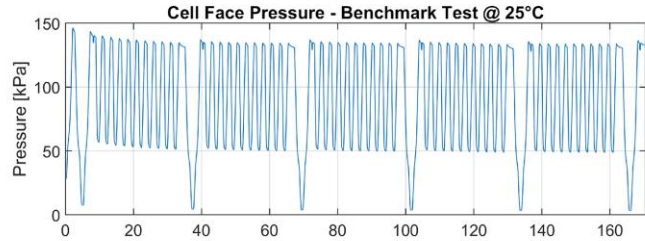
- LCO Melasta pouch cell
- 550V
- 2P130S

Battery  
Modelling

Mechanical  
Design

Battery  
Testing

Cell  
selection



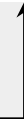
50 endurance runs = 1100 laps

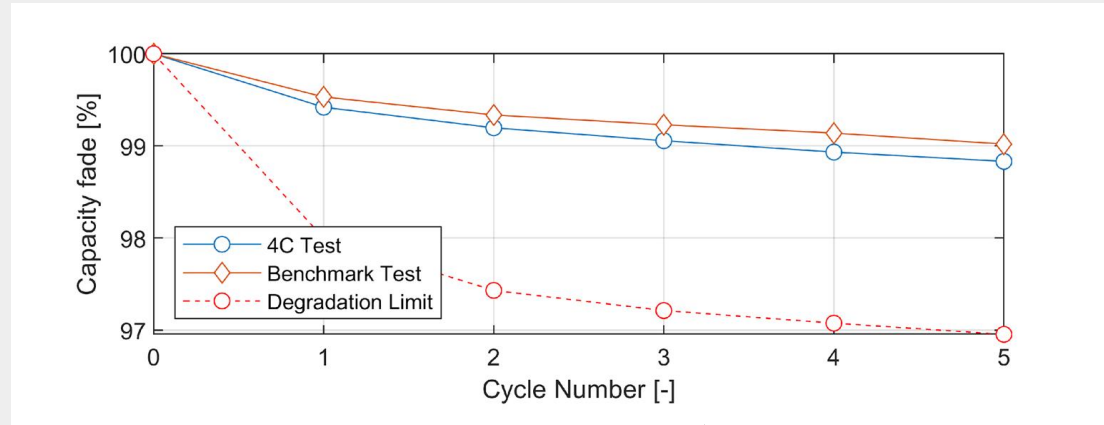
Battery  
Modelling

Mechanical  
Design

Battery  
Testing

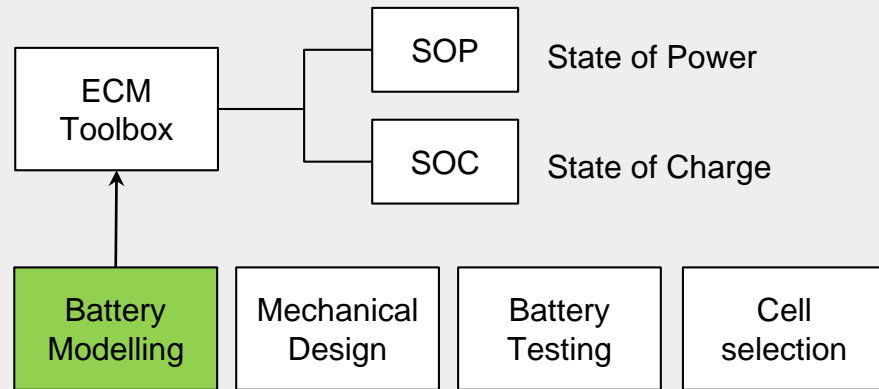
Cell  
selection



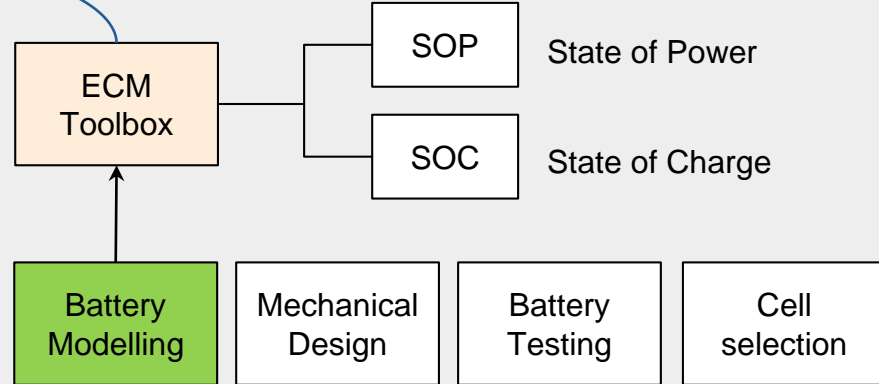
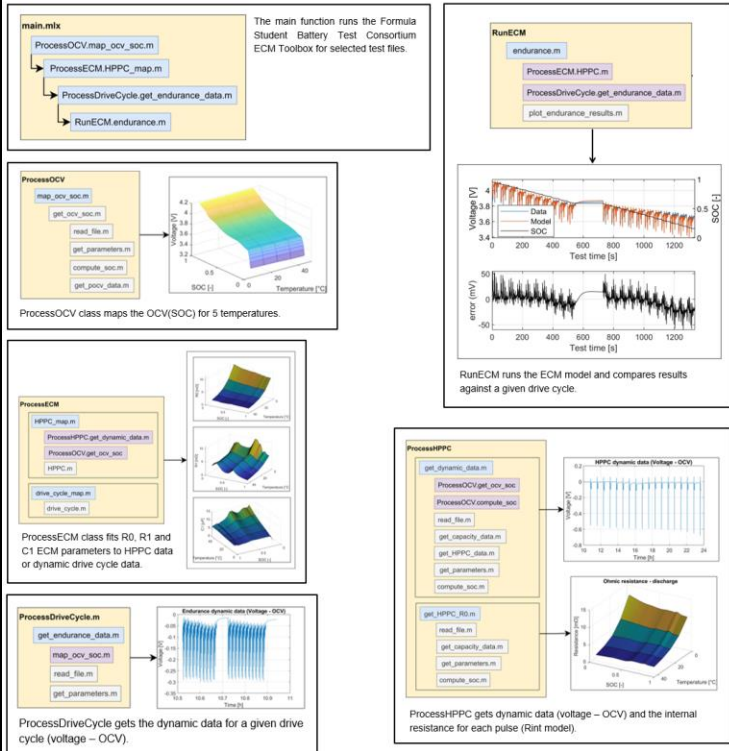


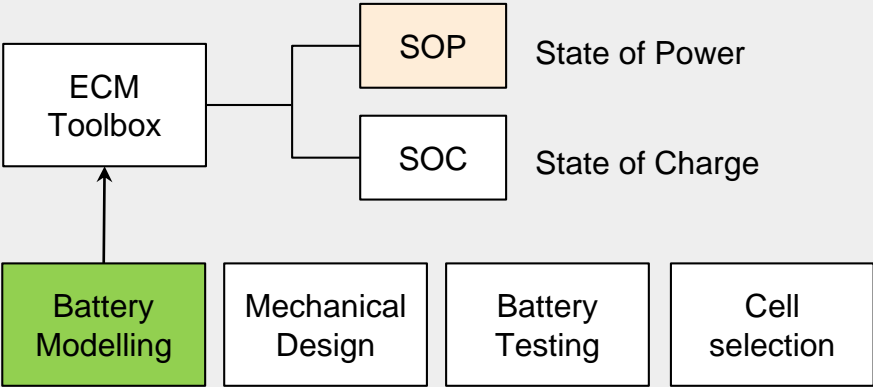
**1 Cycle = 10 endurance runs = 220 laps**





## Formula Student Battery Test Consortium ECM Toolbox



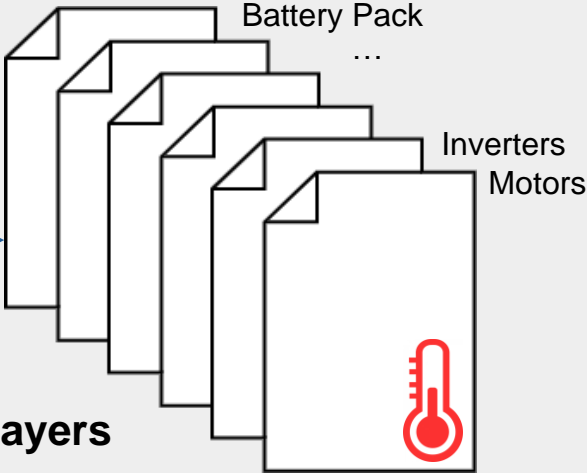




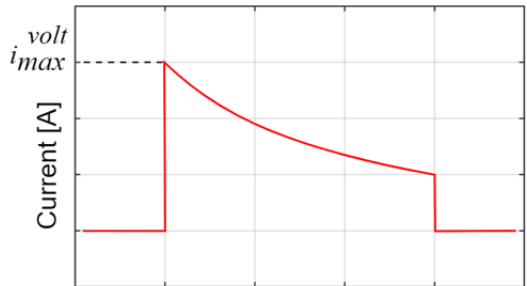
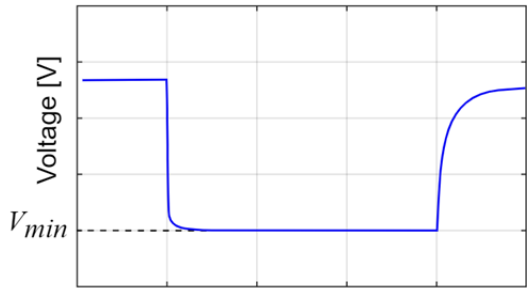
# State of Power estimation



Limiting layers

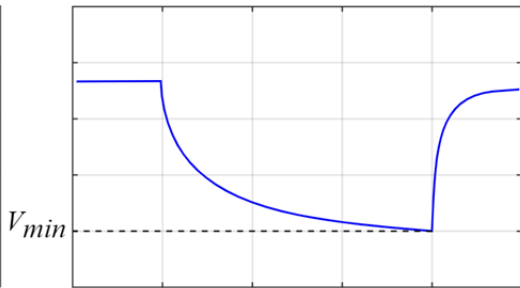


a) Case I - Constant voltage mode



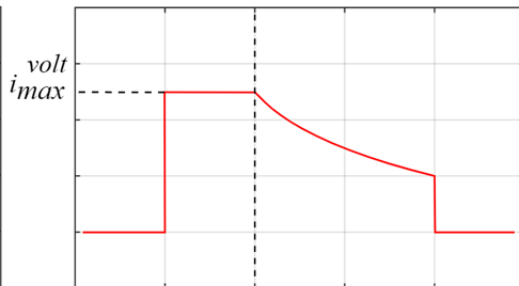
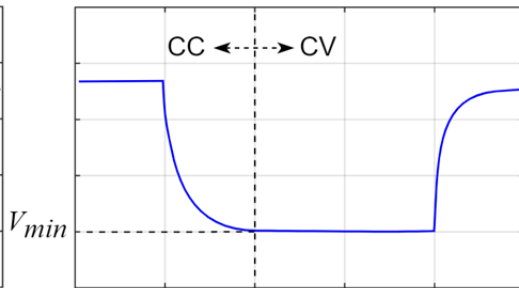
Time [s]

b) Case II - Constant current mode

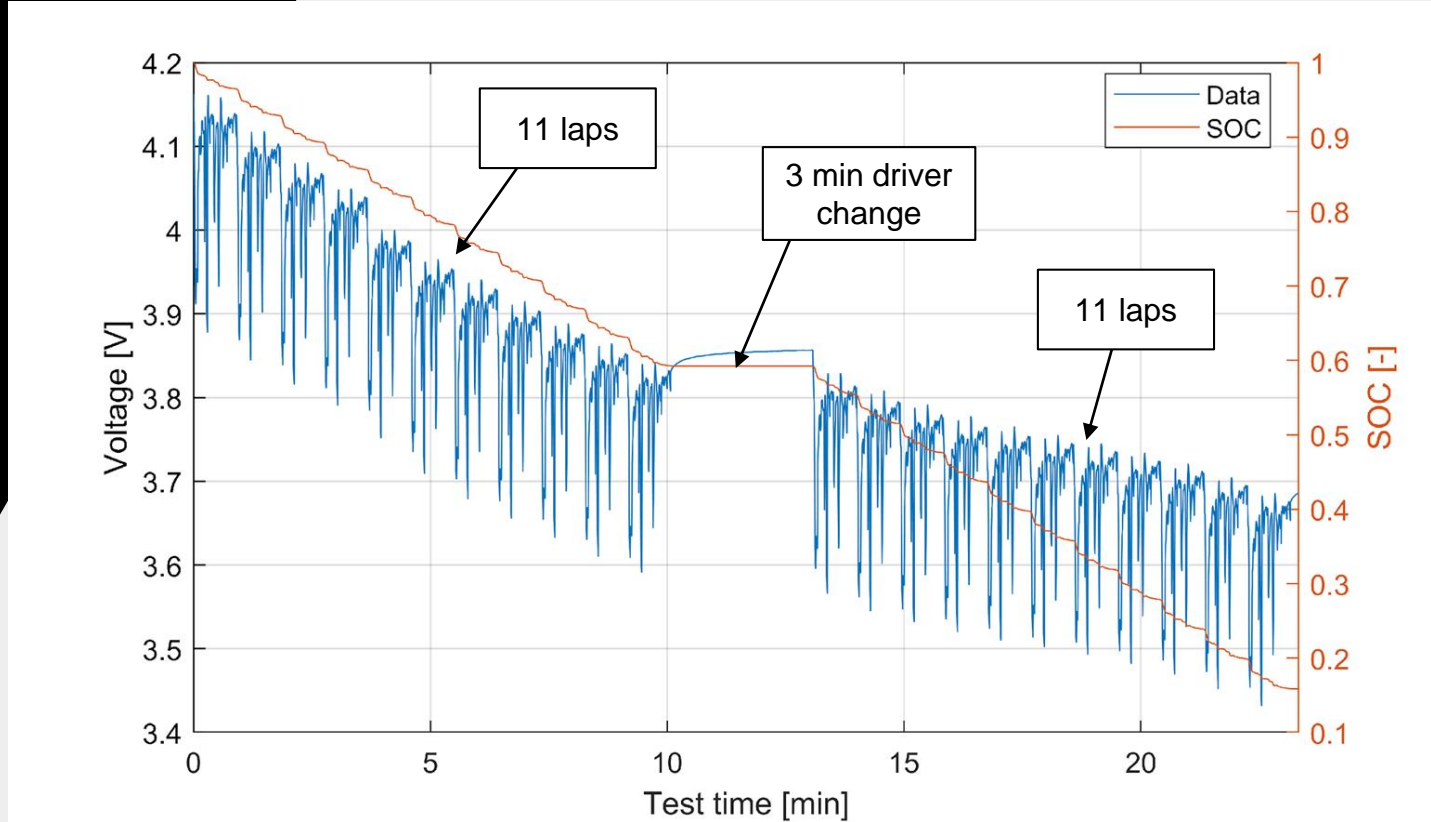


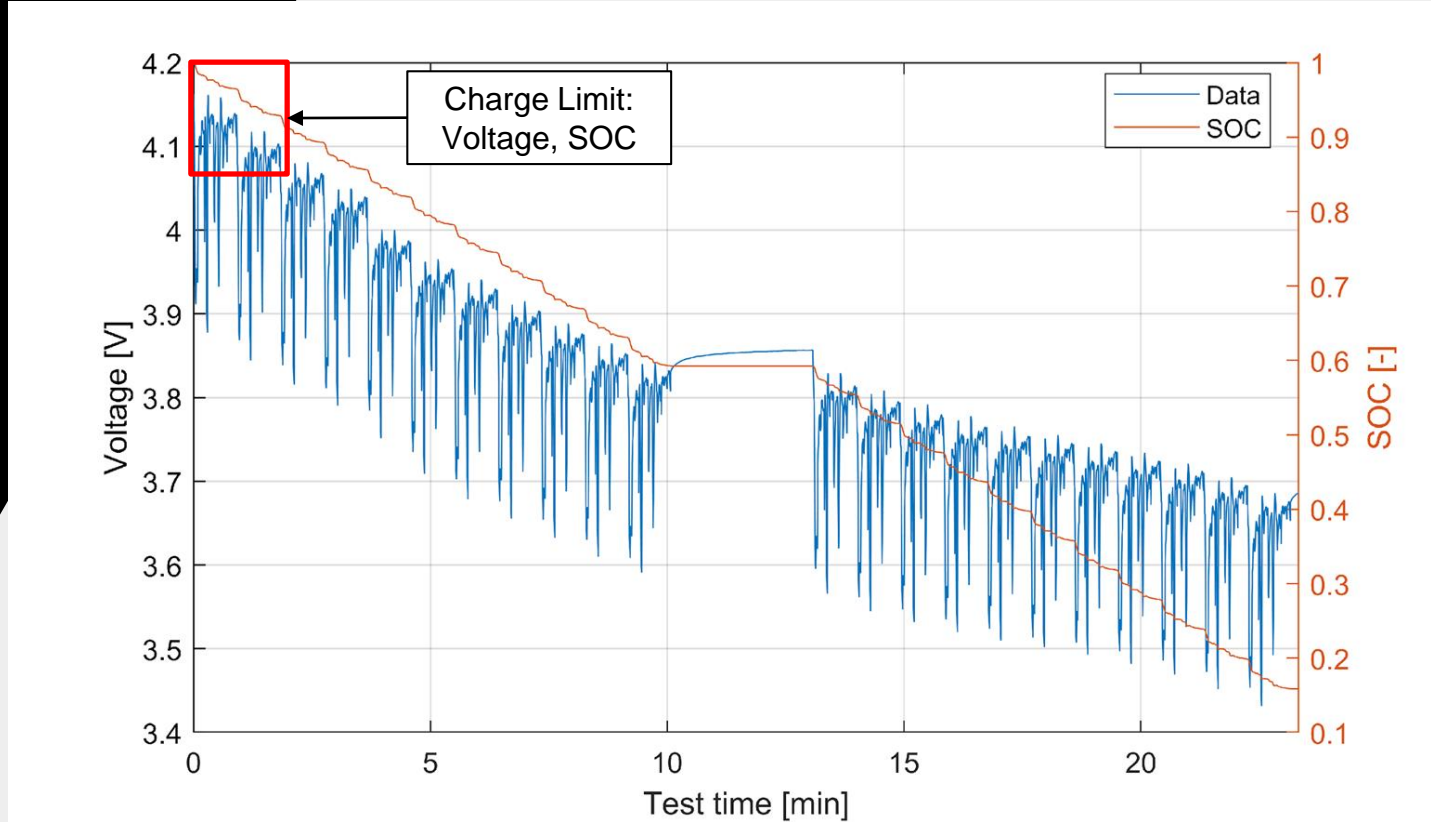
Time [s]

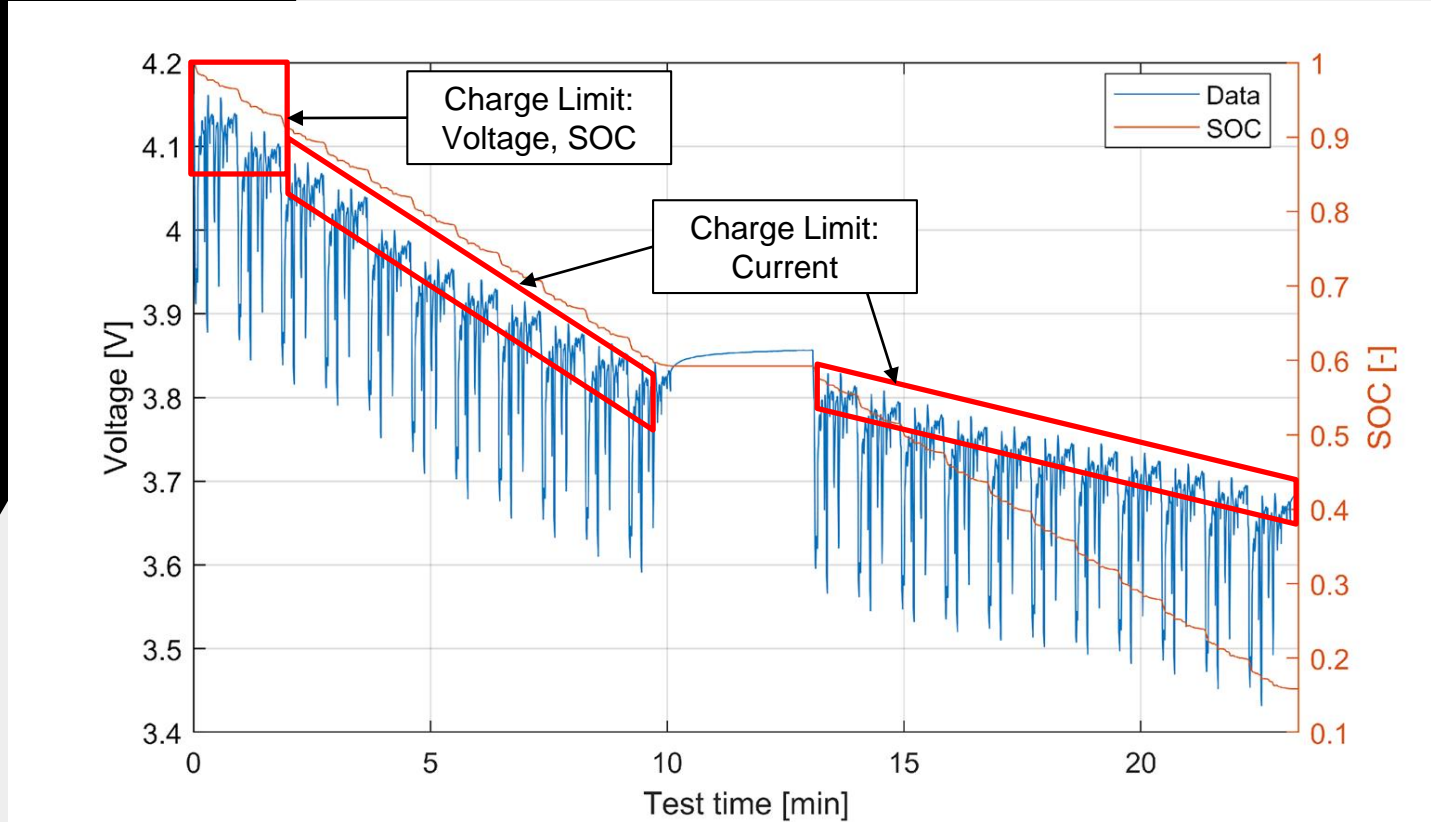
c) Case III - Combined mode

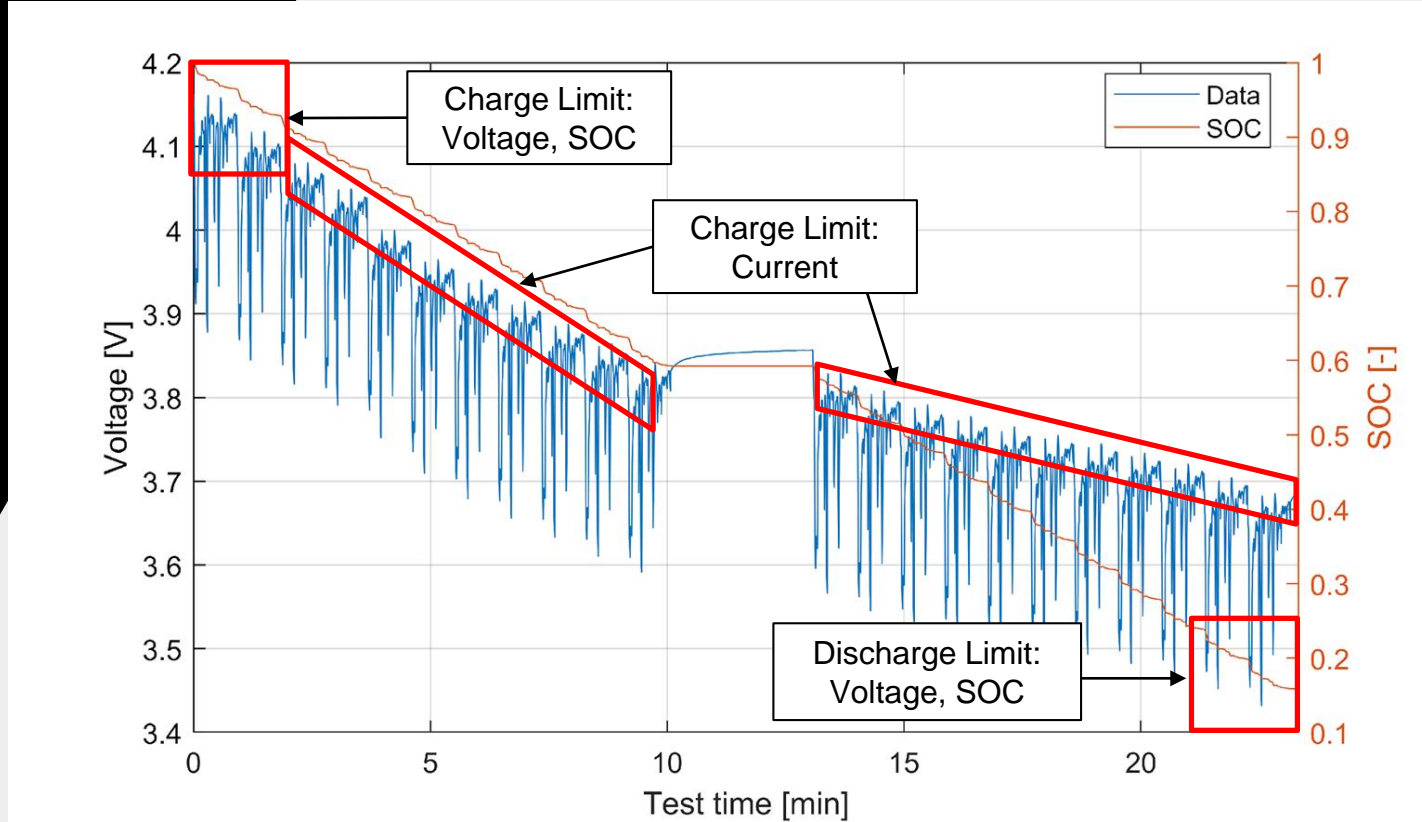


Time [s]

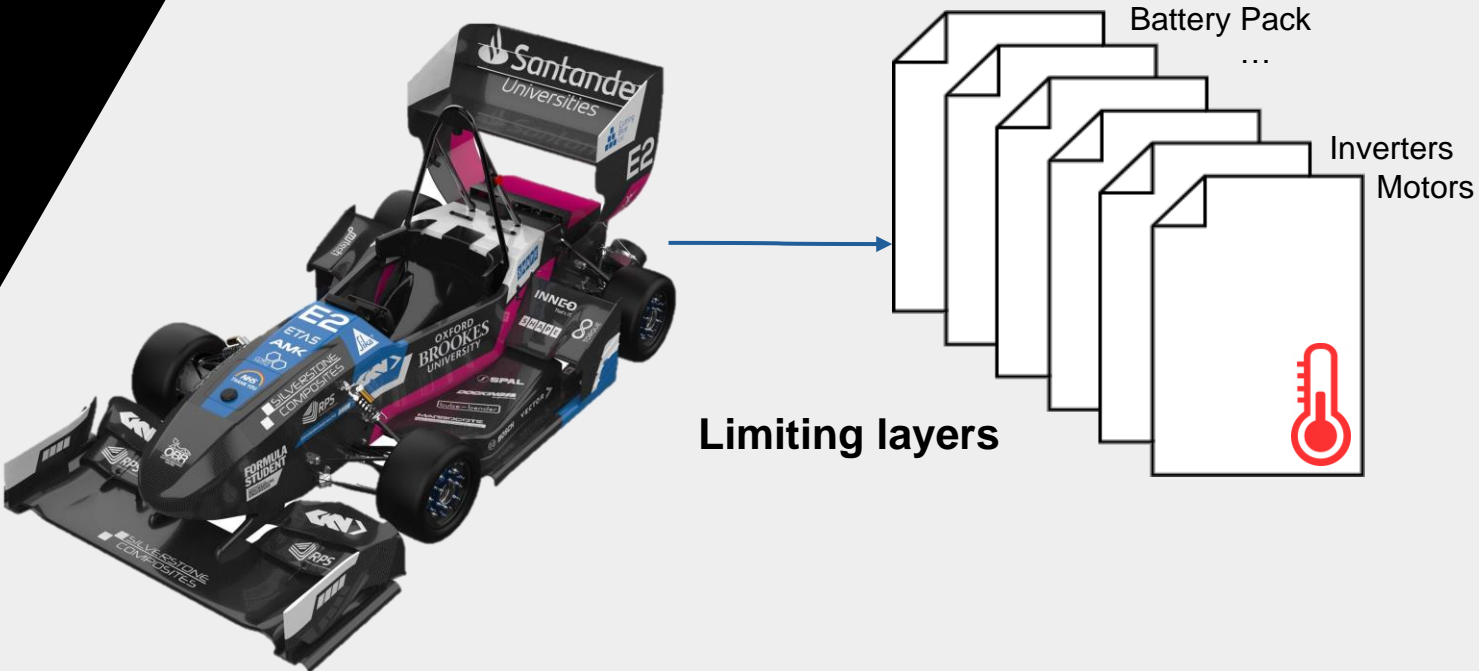




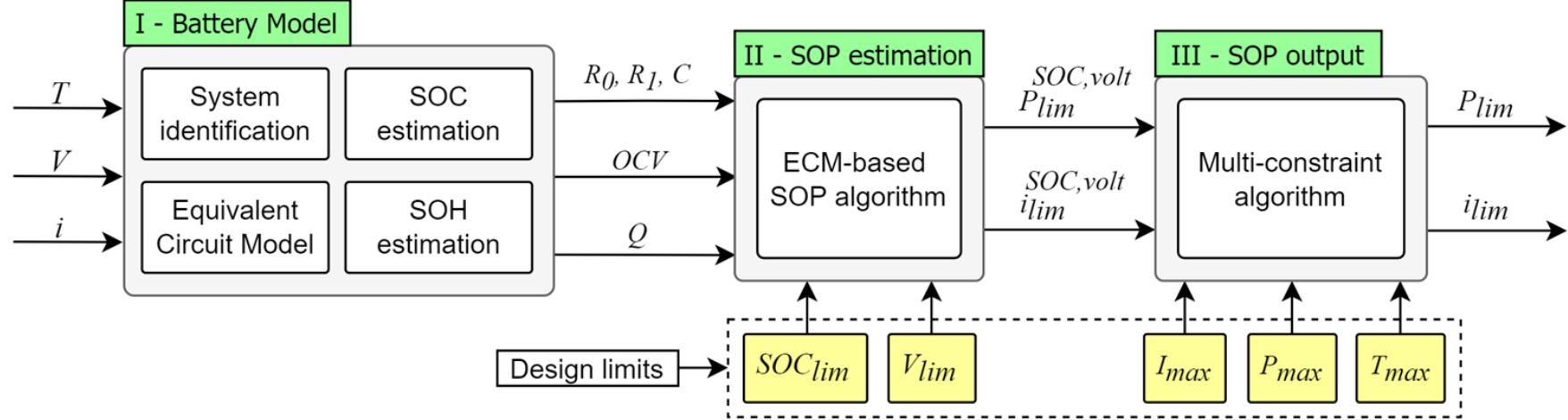




How much charge or discharge power is available for the next  $\Delta t$  seconds?

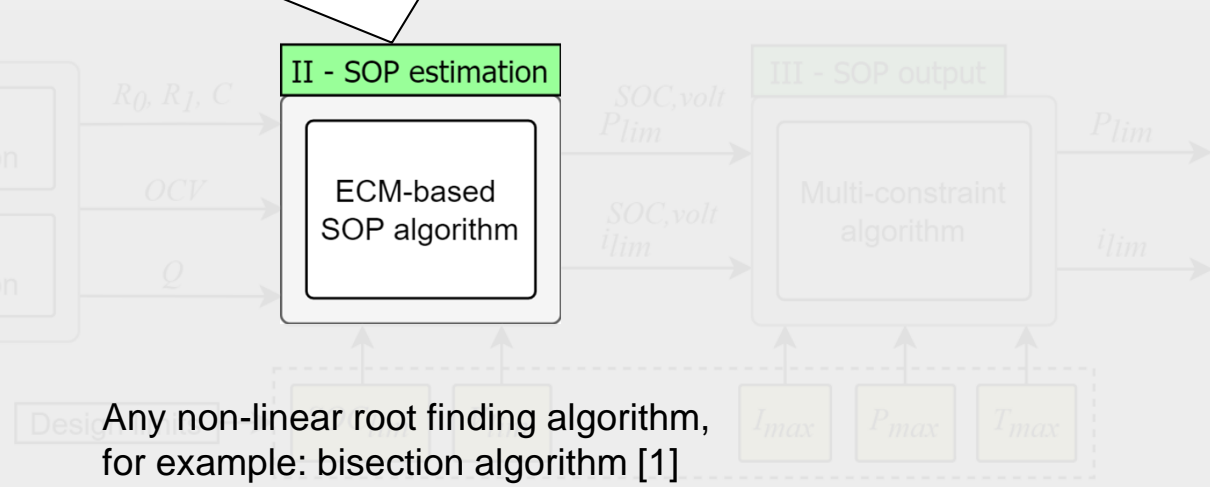


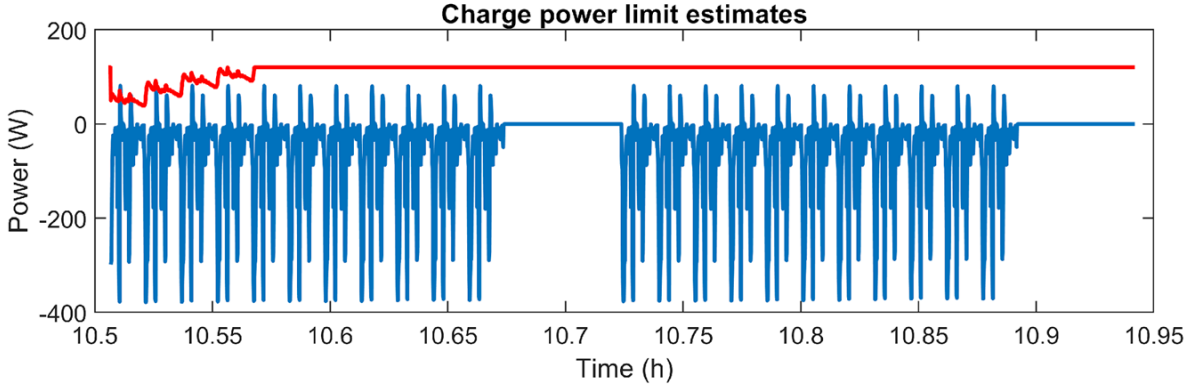
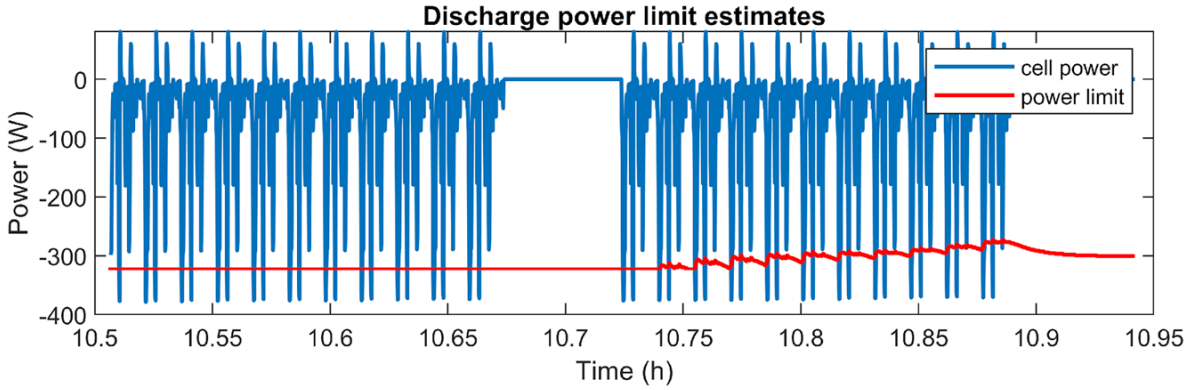
## Predictive algorithm



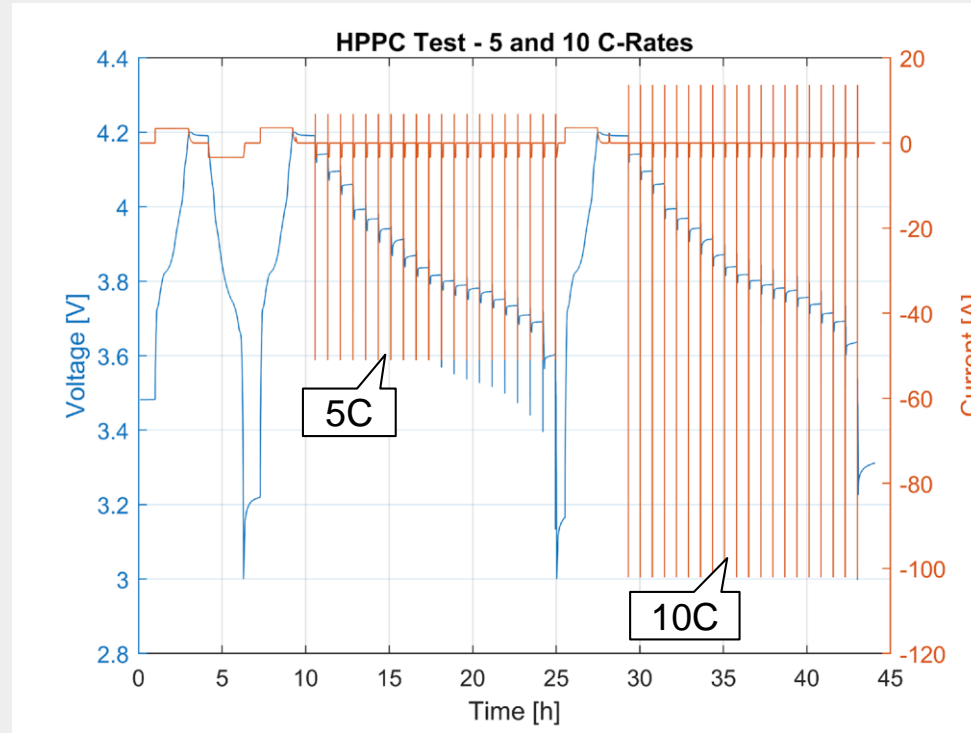


Search for the current that will cause the battery to reach any voltage, SOC or current limits

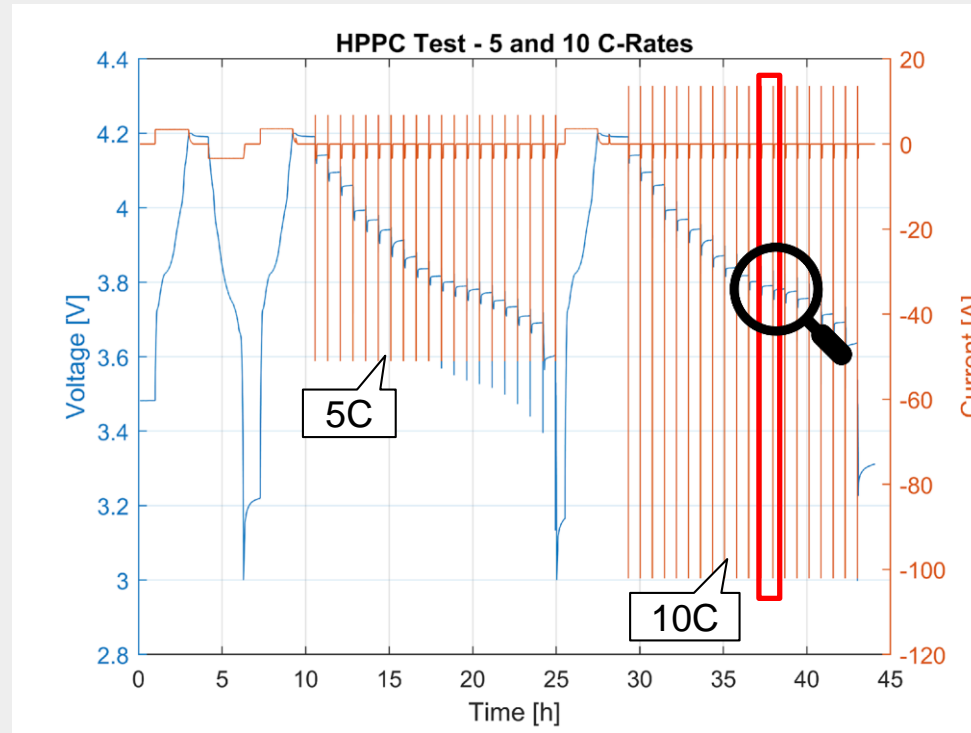




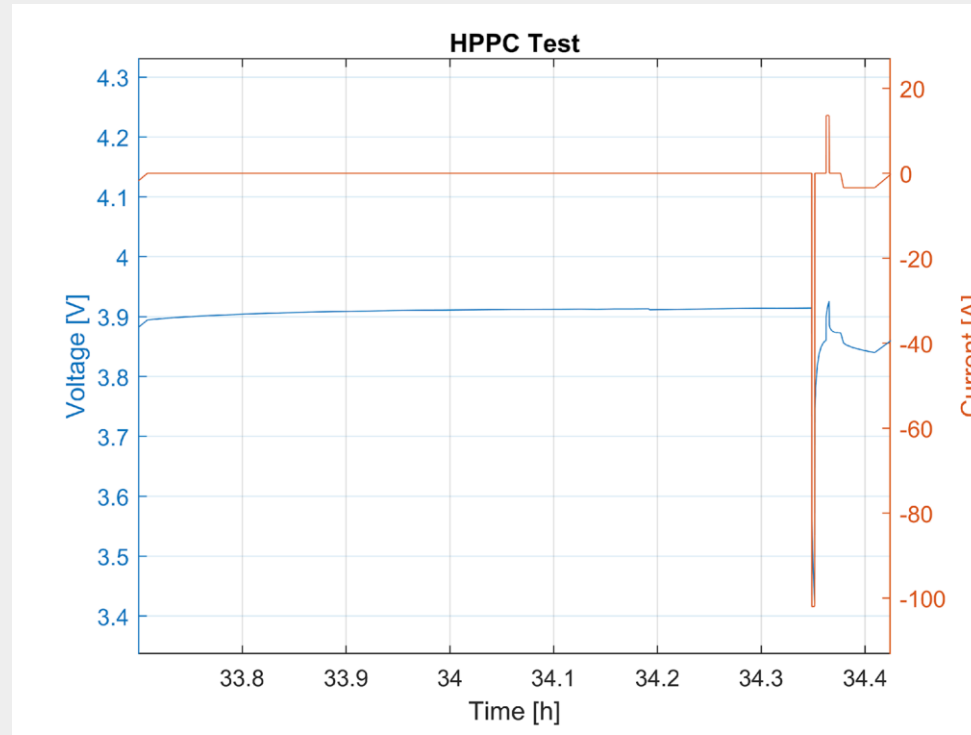
## Validation approaches



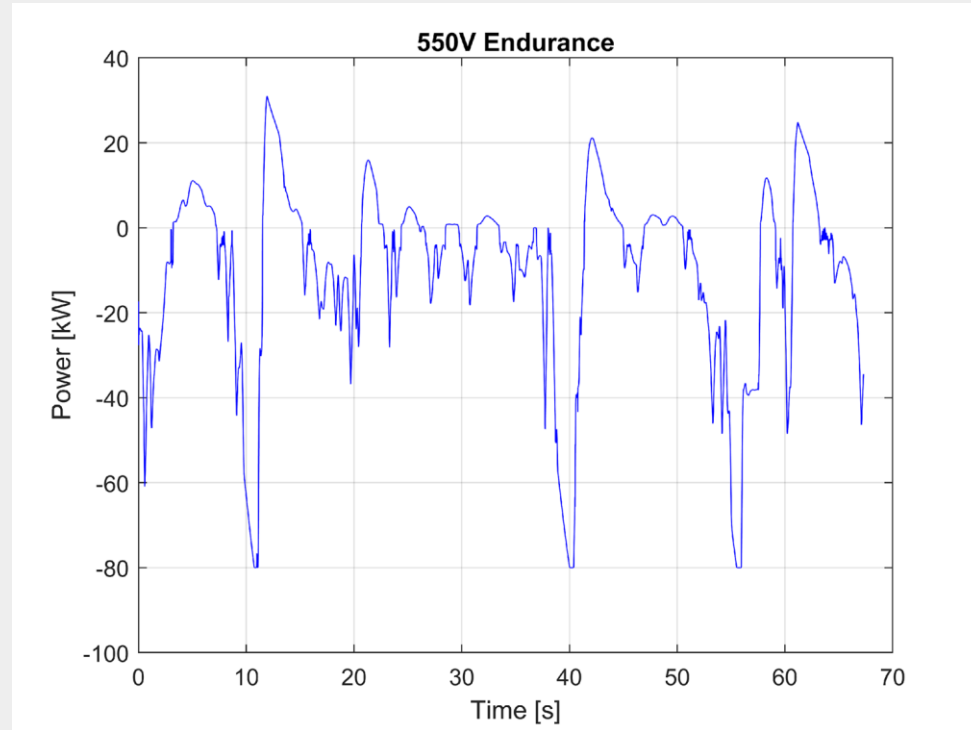
## Validation approaches



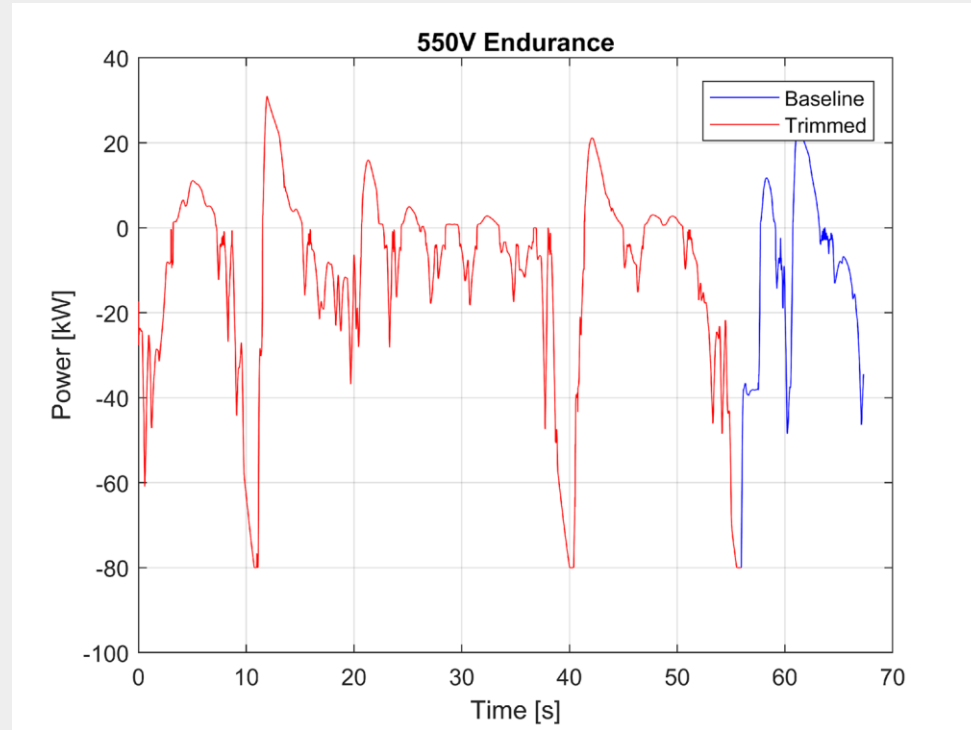
## Validation approaches



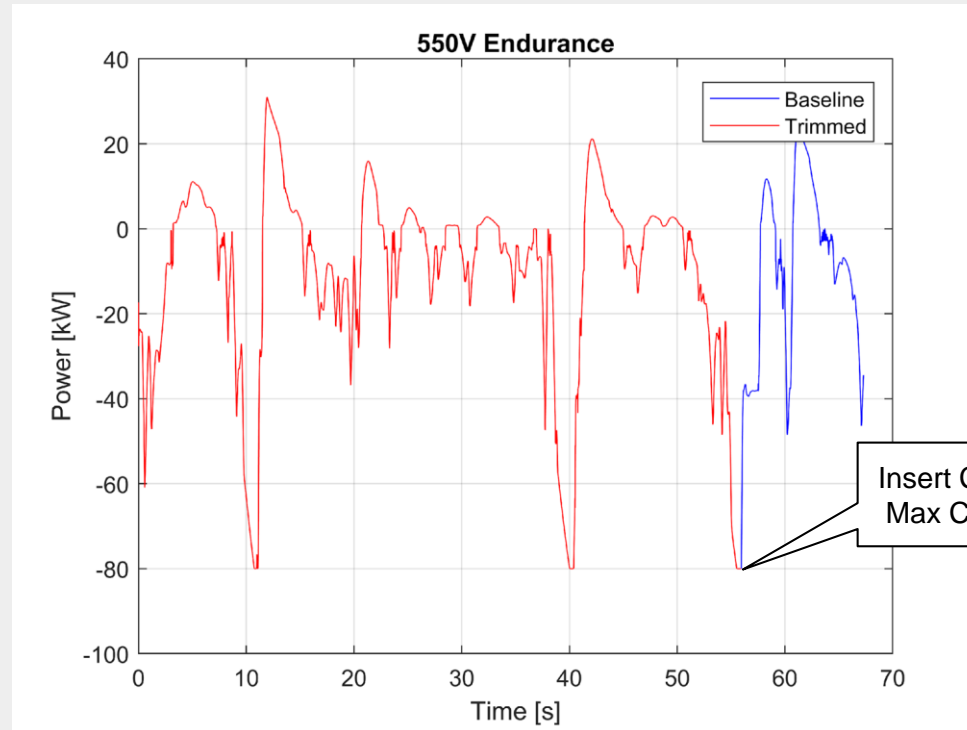
## Validation approaches



## Validation approaches

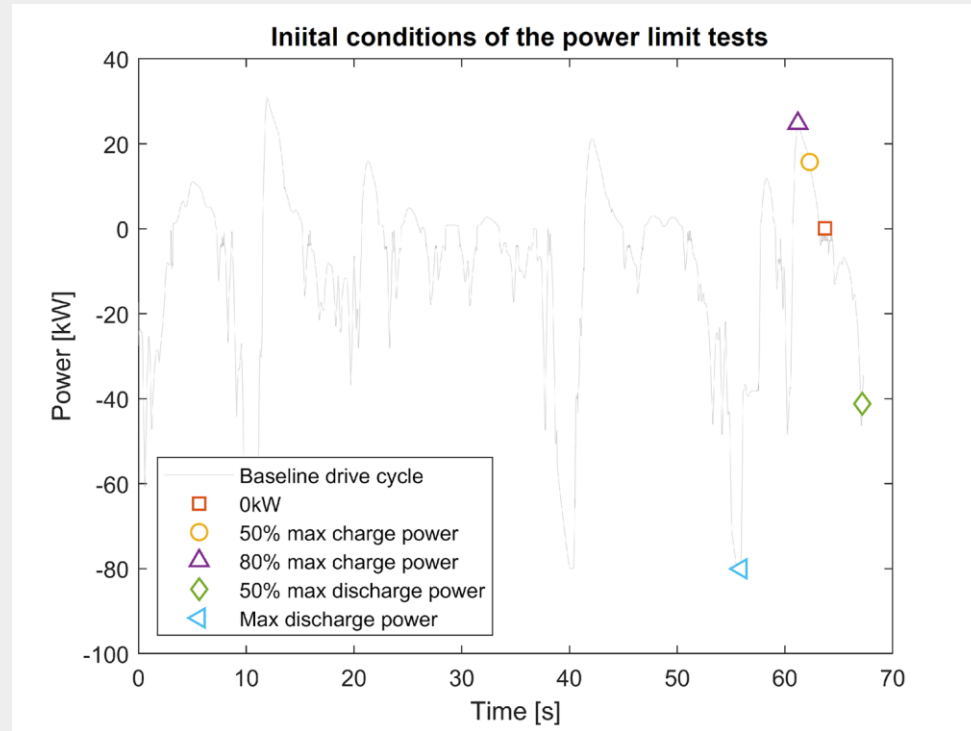


## Validation approaches



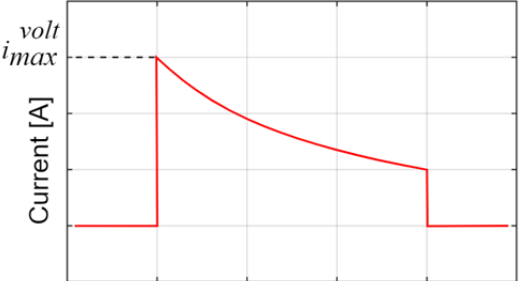
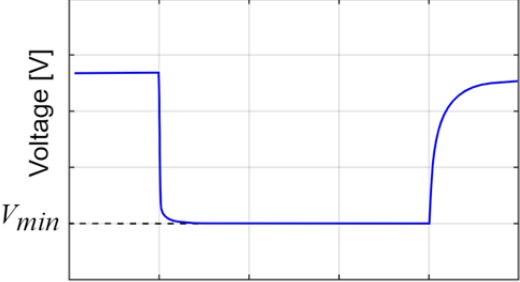


## Validation approaches



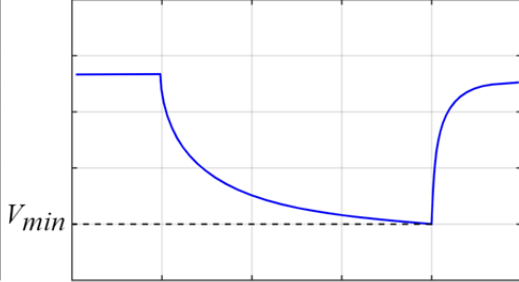
## Challenges

a) Case I - Constant voltage mode



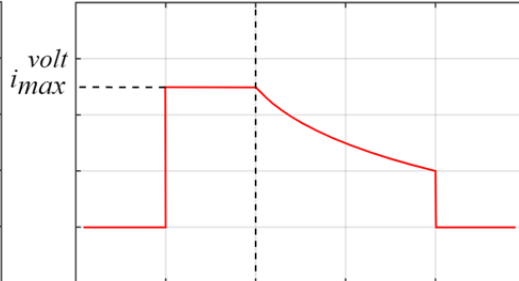
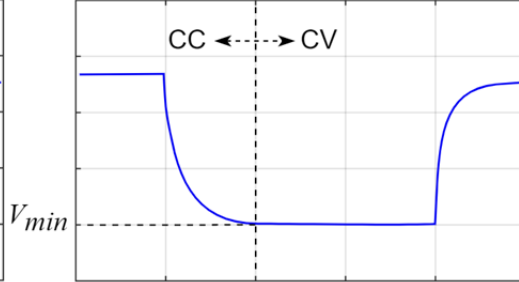
Time [s]

b) Case II - Constant current mode



Time [s]

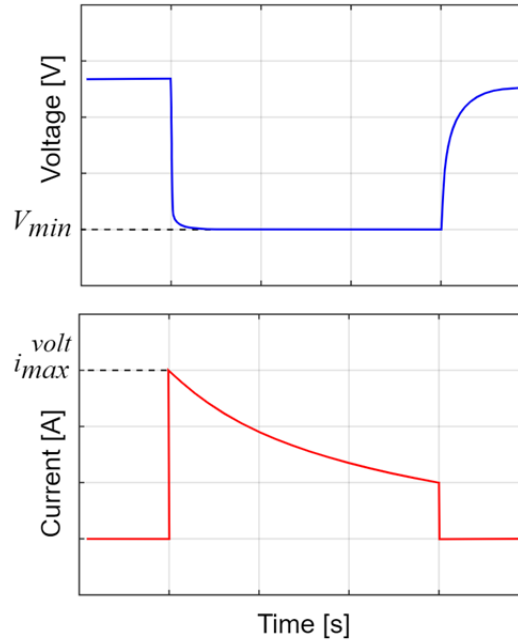
c) Case III - Combined mode



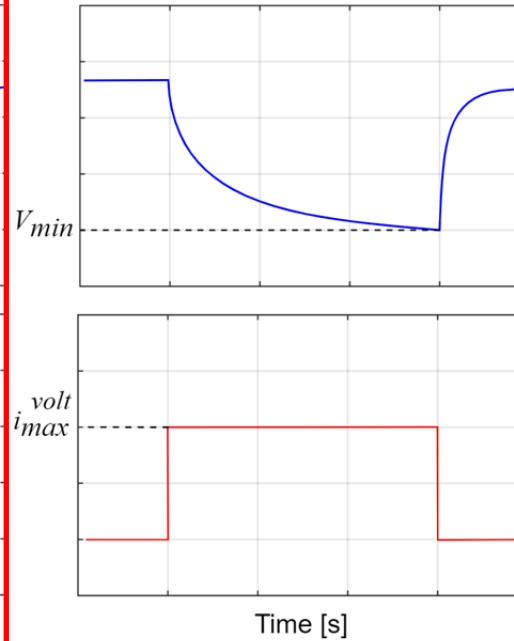
Time [s]

## Challenges

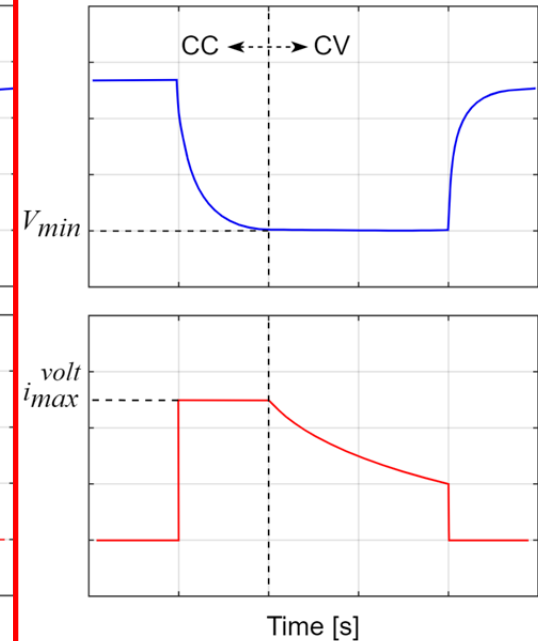
a) Case I - Constant voltage mode



b) Case II - Constant current mode



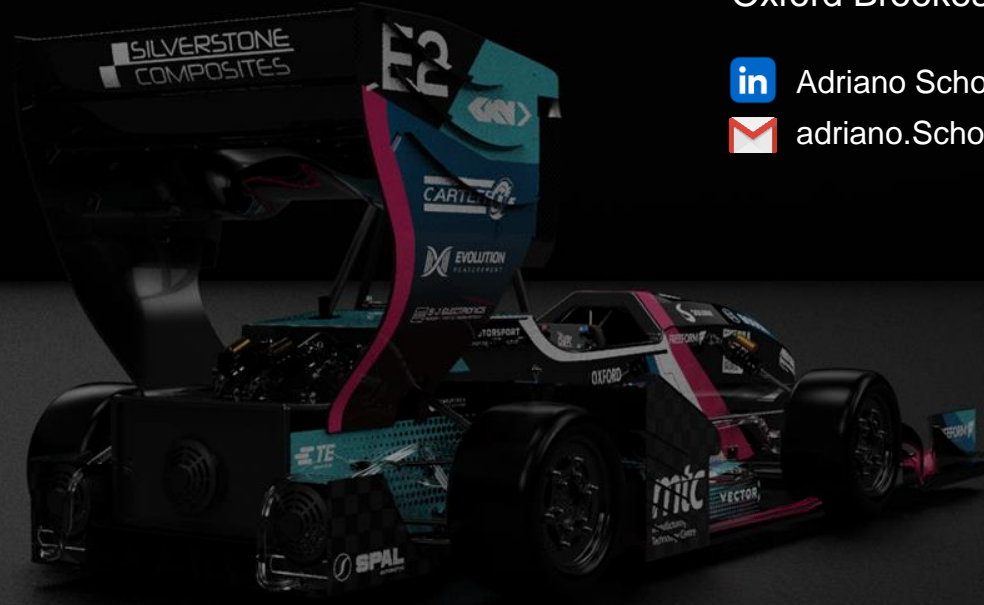
c) Case III - Combined mode




## Next steps

1. Model Predictive Control (MPC)-based SOP estimation [2]
  - The bisection algorithm considers the input parameters constant over the future horizon.
  - MPC computes optimal power profile to achieve max power up to the constraints boundaries
2. Scale from cell level to pack level considering cell-to-cell variations and temperature gradients

# Thank you!



**Adriano Schommer**  
Oxford Brookes Racing Project Lead

 Adriano Schommer

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